



EPIDENDRUM ALPICOLONIGRENSE Hágster & Dodson  
THE GENUS EPIDENDRUM PART 3

Plate 406  
ICONES ORCHIDACEARUM 4. 2001

*EPIDENDRUM ALPICOLONIGRENSE* Hágster et Dodson, sp. nov.

Type: ECUADOR: Pastaza: Beside Rio Pastaza, below Rio Negro, 1500 m, 18 March 1976, C. Luer, J. Luer & P. Taylor 895. Holotype: RPSC! (illustration voucher).

*Epidendro zosterifolio* F. Lehm. & Kraenzl. similare sed caulibus teretibus, foliis anguste ellipticis usque lanceolatis acuminatis, floribus minoribus albis, labelli lobulis magnitudine subaequalibus, ad marginem sinuatis, callo prominenti carnoso, clinandrio deminuto discrepans.

Hierba epífita, cespitosa, de 20-32 cm de alto. Rizoma corto. Raíces basales, delgadas, carnosas, de 0.5-1 mm de grosor. Tallos tipo caña, flexuosos, teretes, 10-20 x 0.05-0.1 cm. Hojas 5-6, articuladas, distribuidas en los 2/3 del tallo; vainas tubulares, lisas, la inferior no foliosa, 15-25 mm de largo; lámina angostamente elíptica a lanceolada, ápice acuminado, gramínea, con una quilla dorsal prominente, desiguales, progresivamente más largas, 2-11.5 x 0.5-0.8 cm. Espata 1, de lados casi paralelos, agudas, 25-30 x 4-5 mm. Inflorescencia apical, del crecimiento maduro, racemosa, arqueada, cola de zorra pauciflora, con 10-15 flores, racimo de 3-5 x 1.1-1.5 cm, pedúnculo de 4.0-5.0 cm de largo. Brácteas florales muy delgadas, linear triangulares, acuminadas, del mismo hasta poco más largas que el ovario, 4-7 x 0.5 mm. Ovario terete, 4-6 mm de largo. Flores pequeñas, el labelo siempre orientado hacia el raquis, simultaneas, color blanco, fragancia no registrada. Sépalos extendidos, ovados, engrosados cerca del ápice, acuminados, agudos, 3-nervados, 4.0-4.4 x 1.3-1.4 mm. Pétalos extendidos, lineares, agudos, 1-nervados, 2.7 x 0.3 mm. Labelo unido a la columna, trilobado, de 2.6 x 2.1 mm; unicalloso, el callus laminar, prominente, carnoso; lóbulos laterales dolabiformes, margen sinuado, 0.8-0.9 x 0.5-0.7 mm; lóbulo medio triangular, redondeado, margen sinuado, 1.6 x 1.2 mm. Columna corta, gruesa, 2.0 mm de largo incluyendo el clinandrio. Clinandrio al mismo nivel del ápice de la columna, entero. Antera no vista. Polinios 4, ovoides, lateralmente comprimidos, subiguales. Rostelo subapical, hendido. Lóbulos laterales del estigma pequeños. Nectario poco profundo, penetrando 1/4 del ovario, no ornamentado. Cápsula ovoidea, con un pedicelos delgado, corto, 4.5-5 x 3.8-5.0 mm, pedicelos 1.3 mm, cuello apical corto.

Epiphytic, caespitose herb. Roots basal, fleshy. Stems simple, cane-like, flexuous, terete. Leaves 3-6, narrowly elliptic to lanceolate, acuminate, grassy. Spathe 1, nearly parallel-sided, acute. Inflorescence apical, racemose, arching, fox-tail. Floral bracts as long as to somewhat longer than the ovary, acuminate. Ovary terete. Flowers simultaneous, the lip always oriented towards the rachis, white. Sepals spreading, ovate, acute to acuminate, 3-veined; laterals somewhat longer. Petals spreading, linear, acute, 1-veined. Lip united to the column, 3-lobed; unicallose, the callus laminar, fleshy; lateral lobes dolabiform, margin sinuate; midlobe triangular, rounded, margin sinuate. Column short, thick, straight. Clinandrium reduced, margin entire. Rostellum subapical, slit. Nectary penetrating one fourth of the ovary, unornamented.

OTHER SPECIMENS: None seen.

DISTRIBUTION AND ECOLOGY: Known only from Ecuador. Epiphytic in woods, at 1500 m altitude. Flowering and fruiting in March.

RECOGNITION: *Epidendrum alpicolonigrense* belongs to the alpicolum group, alpicolum subgroup and is recognized by the terete stems, narrowly elliptic to lanceolate, acuminate leaves, small, white flowers, somewhat similar lobes of the lip, sinuate margin, unicallose lip, the calli prominent, fleshy and reduced clinandrium. Similar to *Epidendrum zosterifolium* but this has ancipitose stems, elliptic leaves, larger, greenish white flowers, with the middle near the apex of sepals and lip deep green, lobes of the lip unequal, margin entire, bicallose, midlobe about 3 times longer than wide, and the clinandrium erose and prominent. *Epidendrum pucunoënsis* Hágster & Dodson has ancipitose stems, cream-yellow to white flowers, lobes of the lip entire, bicallose, the large orbicular lateral lobes, larger in area than the midlobe, emarginate, entire, prominent clinandrium. *Epidendrum alopecurum* Schlr. from Bolivia, has a large inflorescence, with smaller flowers.

CONSERVATION STATUS: DD. Data deficient.

ETYMOLOGY: From the latin *alpicolum*, in reference to the species group to which it belongs (that species, in turn, found on high mountains, similar to the Alps), and *nigrense*, in reference to the locality where it was collected, the Río Negro.

